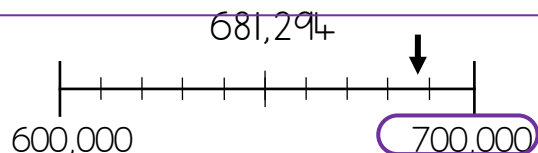


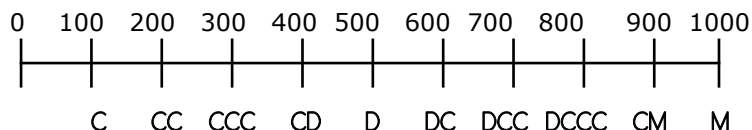
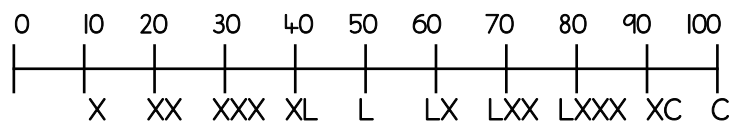
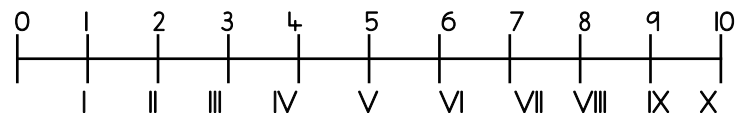
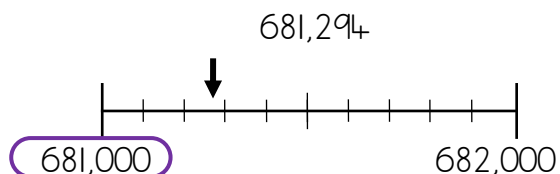
Y5- Number and Place Value



Round to the nearest 100,000



Round to the nearest 1,000



HTh	TTh	Th	H	T	O
6	8	1	2	9	4
6	0	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0
		1	0	0	0
			2	0	0
				9	0
					4

comparing numbers

$<$ less than $>$ more than $=$ equal to

681,294 $<$ 700,000
 681,294 $>$ 600,000
 681,294 $=$ 680,000 + 1,294

ordering numbers

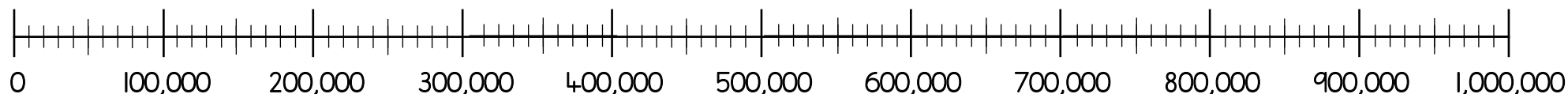
HTh	TTh	Th	H	T	O
6	8	1	2	9	4
6	8	1	9	2	4
6	8	1	2	4	9

ascending order:

681,249 681,294 681,924

descending order:

681,924 681,294 681,249



Y5- Addition and Subtraction

column addition

	HTh	TTh	Th	H	T	O
	4	5	2	5	7	8
+		2	3	3	5	1
	4	7	5	9	2	9
				1		

column subtraction

	HTh	TTh	Th	H	T	O
	4	4 5	1 2	5	7	8
-		2	3	3	5	1
	4	2	9	2	2	7

column addition

HTh	TTh	Th	H	T	O
●●●	●●●	●●	●	●●●	●●●
●●		●●●	●●●		
●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●

$$352,196 + 204,500 = 556,696$$

use rounding to check answers

416,493 people see a football match on Friday and 304,192 see a match on Saturday. How many people saw the match in total?

approximate answer: $420,000 + 300,000 = 720,000$

actual answer: $416,493 + 304,192 = 720,685$

solve addition and subtraction word problems

A factory makes 34,246 toys in January and 43,394 toys in February. It needs to make 120,000 toys in total in the first 3 months. How many does it need to make in March?

120,000		
34,246	43,394	?

$$34,246 + 43,394 = 77,640$$

$$120,000 - 77,640 = 42,360$$

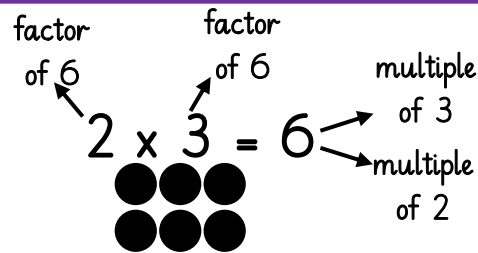
Y5- Multiplication and Division

short multiplication

		4	3	5	7
	x				6
2	6	1	4	2	
		2	3	4	

using known facts

$$\begin{aligned}
 3 \times 5 &= 15 \\
 30 \times 5 &= 150 \\
 300 \times 5 &= 1,500 \\
 3,000 \times 5 &= 15,000 \\
 0.3 \times 5 &= 1.5 \\
 0.03 \times 5 &= 0.15
 \end{aligned}$$



multiplying by 10, 100 and 1000

TT	Th	H	T	O	t	h
			1	2	4	5
		1	2	4	5	
	1	2	4	5		
1	2	4	5	0		

dividing by 10, 100 and 1000

TT	Th	H	T	O	t	h
		4	2	0		
			4	2		
				4	2	
				0	4	2

Common factors of 12 and 30 are 1, 2, 3 and 6.

The highest common factor (HCF) is 6

12	30
1 x 12	1 x 30
2 x 6	2 x 15
3 x 4	3 x 10
	5 x 6

A **multiple** is a number that can be divided by another without a remainder.

Multiples of 3: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27

Multiples of 4: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32

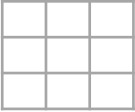
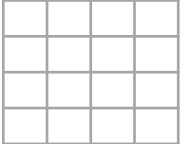
A **prime number** is a whole number greater than one that only has two factors - one and itself. It can't be divided by another positive integer without leaving a remainder. 2 is the only even prime number. Non-prime numbers are called **composite**.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Y5- Multiplication and Division

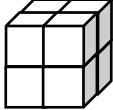
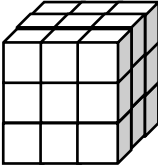
square numbers

A square number is the product of multiplying a number by itself

1^2	1×1	1	
2^2	2×2	4	$2^2 = 4$
3^2	3×3	9	
4^2	4×4	16	
5^2	5×5	25	
6^2	6×6	36	$3^2 = 9$
7^2	7×7	49	
8^2	8×8	64	
9^2	9×9	81	
10^2	10×10	100	
11^2	11×11	121	$4^2 = 16$
12^2	12×12	144	

cube numbers

A cube number is the product of multiplying a number by itself, then by itself again.

1^3	$1 \times 1 \times 1$	1	
2^3	$2 \times 2 \times 2$	8	
3^3	$3 \times 3 \times 3$	27	
4^3	$4 \times 4 \times 4$	64	$2^3 = 8$
5^3	$5 \times 5 \times 5$	125	
6^3	$6 \times 6 \times 6$	216	
7^3	$7 \times 7 \times 7$	343	
8^3	$8 \times 8 \times 8$	512	
9^3	$9 \times 9 \times 9$	729	
10^3	$10 \times 10 \times 10$	1000	$3^3 = 27$
11^3	$11 \times 11 \times 11$	1331	
12^3	$12 \times 12 \times 12$	1728	

distributivity

Distributivity can be expressed as:

$$a(b + c) = ab + ac$$

example:

$$3(2 + 4) = 3 \times 2 + 3 \times 4$$

$$3 \times 6 = 6 + 12$$

equivalence statements

$$4 \times 25 = 2 \times 2 \times 25$$

$$3 \times 120 = 3 \times 2 \times 6 \times 10 = 6^2 \times 10$$

$$4 \times 30 = 4 \times 3 \times 10$$

missing number problems

$$3 \times 120 = 360$$

$$3 \times \square = 360$$

$$360 \div \square = 120$$

$$\square = 120 \times 3$$

$$\square = 360 \div 3$$

$$120 = \square \div 3$$

$$321 \div 4 = 80.25$$

dividend divisor quotient

$$\frac{321}{4} = 80.25$$

short division

		0	8	0	2	5
					•	
4	3	2	1	0	0	
		3		1	2	

decimal
80.25

fraction
 $80\frac{1}{4}$

remainder
80 r 1